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- wherein the patient had a serum potassium level of greater than or equal to 5.5 mEq/L and an estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) of from 15 to 44 mL/min/1.73 m² before treatment with the potassium-binding agent and wherein the potassium-binding agent is administered to 5 the patient daily for more than 8 weeks; and
- wherein when the potassium-binding agent is a polymer, the polymer comprises a crosslinked cation exchange polymer other than a polystyrene cation exchange polymer.
- 2. The method of claim 1, further comprising observing an increase or stabilization of estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) as compared to the patient's eGFR before treatment with the potassium-binding agent.
- 3. The method of claim 1, further comprising observing a decrease in the patient's serum creatinine level as compared to the patient's serum creatinine level before treatment with the potassium-binding agent.
- **4.** The method of claim **1**, further comprising observing an increase in the time to progression of end stage renal disease as compared to a chronic kidney disease patient optionally treated with a RAAS agent but not treated with the potassium-binding agent.
- **5**. The method of claim **1**, further comprising observing an increase in survival as compared to a chronic kidney disease patient optionally treated with a RAAS agent but not treated with the potassium-binding agent.
- **6.** The method of claim **2**, wherein the increase or stabilization of eGFR is maintained over more than 12 weeks during which the potassium-binding agent is administered to the patient daily.
- 7. The method of claim 2, wherein the increase or stabilization of eGFR is maintained over more than 24 weeks during which the potassium-binding agent is administered to the patient daily.
- **8**. The method of claim **2**, wherein the increase or stabilization of eGFR is maintained over 52 weeks or more during which the potassium-binding agent is administered to the patient daily.
- 9. The method of claim 8, wherein the patient's eGFR is stabilized after treatment with the potassium-binding agent.
- 10. The method of claim 8, wherein the patient's eGFR is increased after treatment as compared to the patient's eGFR before treatment with the potassium-binding agent.
- 11. The method of claim 8, wherein the patient's eGFR after treatment with the potassium-binding agent increased

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by at least 4 mL/min/1.73 m² or more as compared to the patient's eGFR before treatment with the potassium-binding agent.

- 12. The method of claim 1, wherein the patient's serum potassium level is decreased after 2 days or more of treatment as compared to the patient's serum potassium level before treatment with the potassium-binding agent, and the decreased serum potassium level is maintained over the 52 weeks or more of treatment.
- 13. The method of claim 2, wherein the patient's eGFR is stabilized after treatment with the potassium-binding agent.
- 14. The method of claim 2, wherein the patient's eGFR is increased after 3 months or more of treatment as compared to the patient's eGFR before treatment with the potassium-binding agent.
- 15. The method of claim 14, wherein the patient's urine albumin:creatinine ratio (ACR) is stabilized after 3 months or more of treatment.
- 16. The method of claim 14, wherein the patient's eGFR after treatment with the potassium-binding agent increased by at least 4 mL/min/1.73 m² or more as compared to the patient's eGFR before treatment with the potassium-binding agent.
- 17. The method of claim 1, wherein the patient's serum potassium level is decreased after 2 days or more of treatment as compared to the patient's serum potassium level before treatment with the potassium-binding agent.
- 18. The method of claim 1, wherein the patient's urine albumin:creatinine ratio (ACR) is stabilized after 3 months or more of treatment.
- 19. The method of claim 1, wherein the potassiumbinding agent is a zeolite.
- 20. The method of claim 1, wherein the potassium-binding agent is a zirconium silicate.
- **21**. The method of claim **1**, wherein the potassiumbinding agent is a molecular sieve.
- **22**. The method of claim **1**, wherein the potassium-binding agent is a zirconium germanate.
- 23. The method of claim 1, wherein the potassium-binding agent comprises substantially spherical particles.
- 24. The method of claim 1, wherein the potassium-binding agent comprises particles having a mean diameter of less than 250 μ m.
- 25. The method of claim 1, wherein the potassium-binding agent comprises particles having less than 4 volume percent of the particles having a diameter of less than 10 µm.

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